## **CLAIMS**

## What is claimed is:

- 1. A transducer assembly comprising:
  - a housing having an acoustic seal;
- a transducer for coupling acoustic energy between an outside of the housing and an inside of the housing; and
- a hybrid circuit partially enclosed within the housing, the hybrid circuit comprising:
  - a first input circuit for coupling a signal from the transducer;
  - a filter network coupled to the first input circuit;
  - an output circuit coupled to the filter network;
  - a tuner for adjusting the filter network; and
- a controller for altering a value of the tuner, the controller having a second input on a portion of the hybrid circuit external to the housing,

whereby a tuning signal coupled to the second input is used to adjust the tuner, thereby changing a characteristic of the filter network.

- 2. The transducer assembly of claim 1 wherein the controller retains a setting upon receiving the tuning signal.
- 3. The transducer assembly of claim 1 wherein the portion of the hybrid circuit external to the housing is permanently removed after the controller receives the tuning signal.
- 4. The transducer assembly of claim 1 wherein the tuner is a ladder network, the ladder network adjustable by activating or deactivating a semiconductor device between an element of the ladder network and a signal ground connection.
- 5. The transducer assembly of claim 4 wherein the ladder network comprises resistors.
- 6. The transducer assembly of claim 5 wherein the resistors have a nominal value of 5.5k ohms.

7. The transducer assembly of claim 4 wherein the ladder network comprises capacitors.

- 8. The transducer assembly of claim 4 wherein the semiconductor device is a field effect transistor (FET).
- 9. The transducer assembly of claim 1 wherein the second input is coupled to a biasing element, the biasing element maintaining a state after receiving the tuning signal.
  - 10. The transducer assembly of claim 1 wherein the transducer is a microphone.
- 11. A method for adjusting an acoustically sealed transducer assembly having a buffer circuit comprising:

assembling the buffer circuit in an acoustically sealed housing, a portion of the buffer circuit accessible from outside the housing;

providing a desired response characteristic for the buffer circuit; measuring an initial response characteristic of the buffer circuit; comparing the desired response characteristic to the initial response characteristic;

determining an adjustment using the comparison, the adjustment for reducing a difference between the desired and initial response characteristics;

transmitting a signal to a selector circuit in the buffer circuit; and tuning an adjustable filter coupled to the selector circuit, the adjustable filter for modifying the initial response characteristic.

- 12. The method of claim 11 further comprising:
  removing the portion of the buffer circuit accessible from outside the housing,
  the portion used in transmitting the signal to the selector circuit.
- 13. The method of claim 12 wherein removing the portion of the buffer circuit further comprises removing the portion of the buffer circuit along one of a scoring and a line of weakness on a substrate carrying the buffer circuit.
- 14. The method of claim 11 wherein the tuning the adjustable filter further comprises activating a semiconductor device between an element of a ladder network and a ground connection.

15. The method of claim 11 wherein the tuning the adjustable filter further comprises biasing the selector circuit with a biasing component.

- 16. The method of claim 15 wherein the biasing component is a zener-zap diode.
- 17. The method of claim 15 wherein the biasing component is an electrically erasable programmable read-only memory (EEPROM).
  - 18. The method of claim 15 wherein the biasing component is a polysilicon fuse.
- 19. The method of claim 15 wherein the biasing component is a laser trimmable hybrid resistor.
- 20. A transducer assembly having a transfer function of an acoustic energy to electrical energy comprising:
  - a housing comprising:
    - a first molded piece having an acoustic port;
    - a second molded piece coupled to the first molded piece;
  - a substrate having a first portion inside the housing and a second portion extending outside the housing; and
  - a circuit disposed on the substrate for receiving a signal corresponding to acoustic energy received at the acoustic port,

whereby the transfer function of the miniature transducer assembly can be altered by a signal injected at the second portion of the substrate.

- 21. The transducer assembly of claim 20 wherein the second portion of the substrate is removably attached to the first portion.
- 22. The transducer assembly of claim 20 wherein the circuit comprises a component for receiving the signal, the component operable to retain a programmed state after receiving the signal.
- 23. The transducer assembly of claim 22 wherein the component is coupled to one of a resistor ladder network and a decoder.

24. The transducer assembly of claim 20 wherein the component is one of a zener-zap diode, an electrically erasable programmable read only memory (EEPROM), a polysilicon fuse and a laser trimmable hybrid resistor.